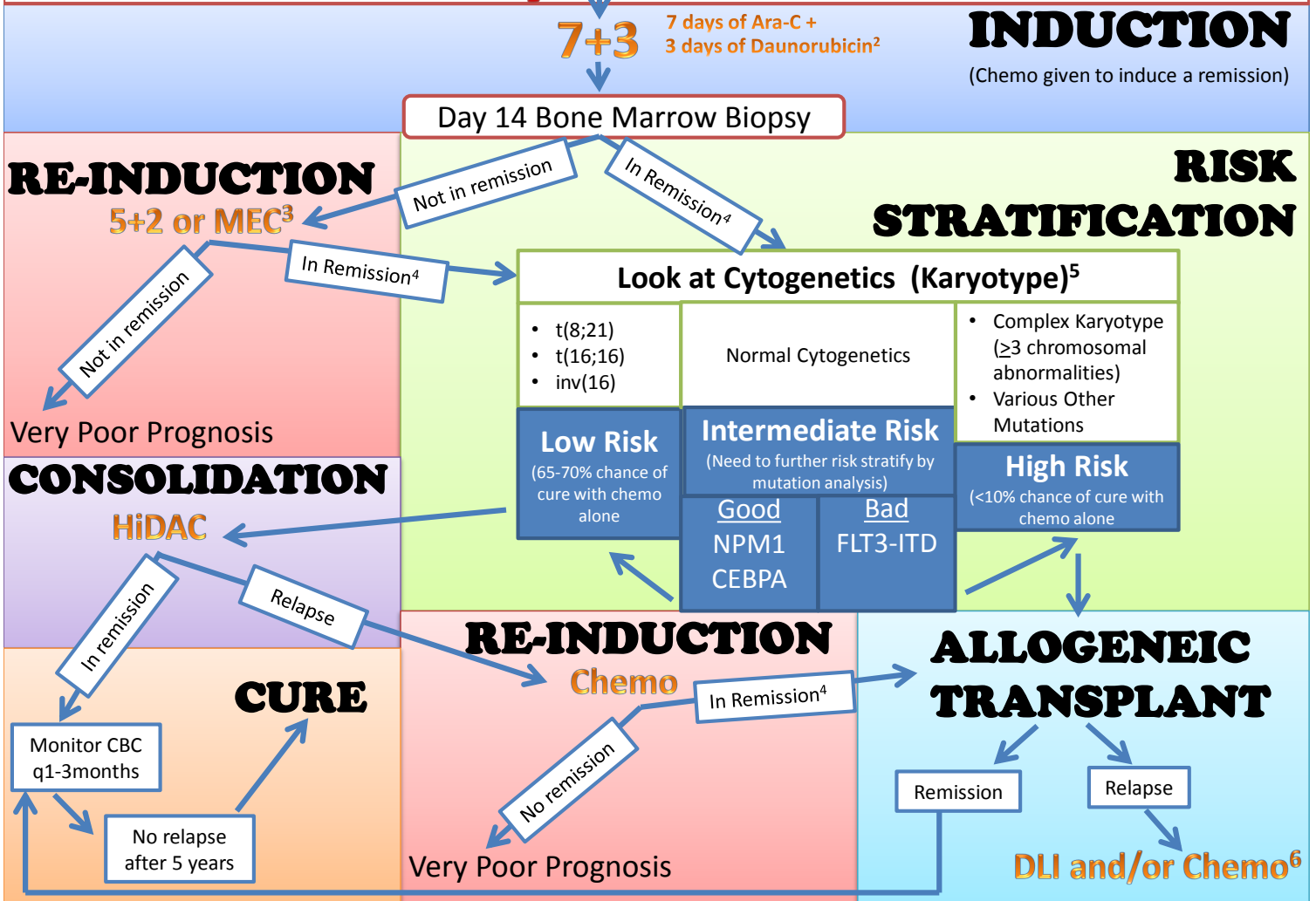


Acute Myeloid Leukemia (excluding APLM)¹



1: APLM subtype is excluded because it is treated differently and has a much better prognosis

2: 7+3 is the standard of care. However elderly patients with many comorbidities generally have a poor prognosis and may be given a less intensive alternate regimen (such as azacytidine or decitabine) with goal of palliation rather than cure

3: 5+2 = 5 days of Ara-C (cytarabine) + 2 days of Daunorubicin or Idarubicin
MEC = Mitoxantrone, Etoposide, and Cytarabine

4: Complete remission is defined as

-Marrow showing < 5% blasts

-Recovery of peripheral blood cells without any blasts in the blood

-No evidence of disease anywhere else

5: This is not an exhaustive list, only the most common mutations are included

6: DLI = donor lymphocyte infusion. Used to potentiate graft vs leukemia effect but also will worsen GVHD